

# The Niels Henrik Abel Contest 1998–99

## FINAL

March 12th 1999

### Problem 1

a) Determine a function  $f(x)$  such that  $f(t^2 + t + 1) = t$  for all real numbers  $t \geq 0$ .

b) Prove that for all real numbers  $a, b, c, d$  and  $e$ , the inequality

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2 + e^2 \geq a(b + c + d + e)$$

applies.

### Problem 2

a) Find all integers  $m$  and  $n$  such that  $2m^2 + n^2 = 2mn + 3n$ .

b) Given positive integers  $a, b$  and  $c$  such that  $a^3$  is divisible by  $b$ ,  $b^3$  is divisible by  $c$ , and  $c^3$  is divisible by  $a$ , prove that  $(a + b + c)^{13}$  is divisible by  $abc$ .

### Problem 3

Let  $\triangle ABC$  be an isosceles triangle with  $AB = AC$  and  $\angle A = 30^\circ$ . The triangle is inscribed in a circle with centre  $O$ . The point  $D$  lies on the arch between  $A$  and  $C$  such that  $\angle DOC = 30^\circ$ . Let  $G$  be the point on the arch between  $A$  and  $B$  such that  $DG = AC$  and  $AG < BG$ . The line  $DG$  intersects  $AC$  and  $AB$  in  $E$  and  $F$  respectively.

a) Prove that  $\triangle AFG$  is equilateral.

b) Find the ratio between the areas  $\triangle AFE/\triangle ABC$ .

### Problem 4

Let  $S$  be the set  $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\}$ . For every non-empty subset  $R$  of  $S$ , we define the alternating sum  $A(R)$  in the following way: If  $\{r_1, r_2, \dots, r_k\}$  are the elements of  $R$  ordered in increasing order, the alternating sum is  $A(R) = r_k - r_{k-1} + r_{k-2} - \dots - (-1)^k r_1$ , where  $+$  and  $-$  comes alternatingly. Eg., the alternating sum of  $\{1, 3, 4, 7\}$  is  $7 - 4 + 3 - 1 = 5$ .

a) Is it possible to write  $S$  as a union of two non-intersecting sets having the same alternating sum?

b) Let  $\{R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n\}$  be the set of all non-empty subsets of  $S$ . Determine the sum  $A(R_1) + A(R_2) + \dots + A(R_n)$ .